FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

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# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REPORT

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Village East Towers, Inc.

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Village East Towers, Inc., which comprise the balance sheet as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Village East Towers, Inc. as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Basis For Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities For The Audit Of The Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Village East Towers, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Responsibilities Of Management For The Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Village East Towers, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

### Auditor's Responsibilities For The Audit Of The Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of Village East Towers, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about Village East Towers, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a
  reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplemental Information

The Corporation has not presented the information about the estimates of future costs of major repairs and replacements that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, though not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the omission of this supplementary information.

ROSA & ASSOCIATES, CPA's, PLLC

Rosa & Associates

Jericho, New York September 7, 2023

# BALANCE SHEET AND CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

	2023	2022		
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 3) Tenants' accounts receivable Provision for uncollectible account (Note 2g) Tenants equity increase receivable Commercial income receivable Mortgage escrow account Prepaid expenses (Note 4)	\$ 695,250 543,964 (280,109) 7,893 28,014 609,459 354,646	\$ 919,324 520,212 (227,325) 7,893 117,839 397,805 221,799		
Total Current Assets	1,959,117	1,957,547		
Cash - reserve fund (Note 12a & 12b) Property and equipment (Note 5)	1,258,047 <u>16.015.547</u>	1,808,115 16,051,178		
Total Assets	\$ 19,232,711	\$ 19,816,840		
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 6) Amortization due within one year	\$ 2,160,814 \$ 134,100	\$ 1,826,300 \$ 128,600		
Total Current Liabilities	2,294,914	1,954,900		
Long-Term Liabilities Mortgage and Loan payable (Note 8)	<u> 18,757,841</u>	<u>19,830,101</u>		
Total Liabilities	21,052,755	21,785,001		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUI	TY			
Capital stock - common Capital contributions Deficit	6,853,583 5,362,171 (14,035,798)	6,638,067 5,362,171 (13,968,399)		
Total Stockholders' Equity	(1,820,044)	<u>(1,968,161</u> )		
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$ 19,232,711	\$ 19,816,840		

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF DEFICIT FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

	2023	2022
Accumulated deficit - beginning Net (loss)	\$ (13,968,399) (67,399)	\$ (13,967,707) (692)
	(14,035,798)	(13,968,399)
Accumulated deficit - end	\$ (14,035,798)	\$ (13,968,399)

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

		2023		2022
Income				
Rental Income				
Maintenance charges (Note 7)	\$	3,993,111	\$	3,684,936
Vacancy loss		(87,096)		(90,185)
Commercial rent (Note 20)		381,642		495,759
Allowance for uncollectible account (Note 2g)		(52,784)		(167,562)
Special assessments capital (Note 17)		74,171		90,080
Utilities		743,917		679,515
Energy Assessment		66,650		<b>≡</b> 0
Parking income		319,262	_	263,340
Total Rental Income	-	5,438,873	8	4,955,883
Other Income				
Interest income	\$	58,319	\$	15,826
Air conditioners		132,581		98,180
Laundry		54,000		54,000
Surcharge income		256,857		232,041
Storage income		43,986		30,342
Miscellaneous income		71,545		27,423
Miscellaneous income - prior year adjustment	÷	-	-	(13,667)
Total Other Income	9	617,288	: -	444,145
Total Income	:=	6,056,161	8=	5,400,028
Cost of Operations (See supporting schedules)				
Administrative Expenses	\$	460,614	\$	523,312
Operating Expenses		3,763,995		3,274,508
Maintenance Expenses		712,120		786,493
Taxes and Insurance		953,404		818,101
Financial expense	-	273,952	10-	278,429
Total Cost of Operations	\ <u></u>	6,164,085	-	5,680,843
		(407.004)		(200.045)
INCOME OR (LOSS) BEFORE DEPRECIATION AND SPECIAL ITEMS		(107,924)		(280,815)
Depreciation and Amortization (See supporting schedule)		(912,720)		(894,222)
Forgiveness of indebtedness (Note 8a & 8b)		953,245		953,245
Gain on extinguishment of debt	2	1 <b>2</b> 1	-	221,100
Net (Loss)	\$	(67,399)	\$	(692)

### SUPPORTING SCHEDULES - STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

		2023		2022
Sahadula of Administrativa Evpansos				
Schedule of Administrative Expenses	\$	270,049	\$	259,664
Management fee	Ψ	71,246	Ψ	85,071
Legal		26,796		26,796
Accounting Office and administrative		92,523		151,781
Total Schedule of Administrative Expenses	ς_	460,614	\$	523,312
Total Schedule of Administrative Expenses	Ψ_	400,014	Ψ	020,012
Schedule of Operating Expenses				
Steam	\$	644,855	\$	638,577
Cooking gas		22,877		37,883
Co-gen gas		123,370		60,801
Co-gen gas-prior year adjustment		121,048		=
Electricity		629,423		499,326
Payroll		891,098		783,474
Water meter charges		451,542		478,137
Pension and welfare		392,928		310,607
Welfare and pension-prior year audit		20,382		<b>2</b> 9
Security services		466,472	-	465,703
Total Schedule of Operating Expenses	\$_	3,763,995	\$_	3,274,508
Schedule of Maintenance Expenses				
Maintenance supplies	\$	108,348	\$	133,818
Repairs and maintenance	•	124,571	,	98,163
Elevator maintenance		86,498		70,667
Plumbing repairs		141,156		133,402
Heating repairs		14,158		4,350
Consultant fees		23,615		21,830
Landscaping		14,499		40,306
Painting and plastering		6,120		42,957
Apartment restoration		14,225		163,100
Miscellaneous maintenance contacts		94,201		85,702
Tenant charges		(12,923)		(7,802)
Total Collado	_	614,468		786,493
Extraordinary repairs insulation project		97,652		
Extractaniary repairs measured project		712,120	4	786,493

### SUPPORTING SCHEDULES - STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

	2023	2022
Schedule of Taxes and Insurance New York City real estate tax Payroll taxes Insurance	\$ 308,791 72,237 <u>572,376</u>	\$ 312,225 63,671 442,205
Total Schedule of Taxes and Insurance	\$ 953,404	\$ <u>818,101</u>
Schedule of Financial expense Interest on mortgage Interest-8A loan Interest-debt issuance costs amortized Total Schedule of Financial expense	\$ 241,014 19,967 12,971 \$ 273,952	\$ 244,429 21,029 12,971 \$ 278,429
Schedule of Depreciation and Amortization Depreciation expense-bldg. improvements Depreciation expense-bldg. equipment Total Schedule of Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 890,846 21,874 \$ 912,720	\$ 871,091 23,131 \$ 894,222

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

	2023	2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net (Loss)  Noncash items included in Net (Loss):  Depreciation and Amortization  Forgiveness of indebtedness (Note 8a & 8b)	\$ <u>(67,399)</u> 925,691 (953,245)	\$ <u>(692)</u> 907,193 (953,245)
Changes in: Tenants' accounts receivable Other receivable Mortgage escrow account Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued expenses Total adjustments	29,033 89,825 (211,654) (132,847) 334,512 81,315	172,762 (46,388) (53,669) (1,868) 213,612 238,397
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>13,916</u>	237,705
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital Improvements (Note 13)  NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(877,089) \$(877,089)	(709,000) (709,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Mortgage amortization Amortization-8A loan CDBGB loan advance Proceeds of first sales	(73,129) (53,356) - 215,516	(69,743) (52,300) 97,177 265,342
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	89,031	240,476
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH	(774,142)	(230,819)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	2,727,439 \$1,953,297	2,958,258 \$ 2,727,439
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information Cash paid - mortgage interest	\$ 281,421	\$ 288,103

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

### 1. Nature of Organization

The Company was organized on April 26, 1966, pursuant to the Limited-Profit Housing Companies Law of the State of New York for the purpose of building and operating municipally aided middle-income cooperative apartment house in New York City.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- a) The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued new accounting guidance that created Topic 606, Revenue from Contract with Customers, in the Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). Topic 606 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in FASB ASC 972-605, Real Estate-Common Interest Realty Associations, Revenue Recognition, and requires the recognition of revenue when promised goods or services are transferred to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which a CIRA expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Corporation adopted the requirements of the new guidance as of January 1, 2021 with no adjustment to its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 required.
- b) The Corporation adopted an accounting standard update which requires that the Corporation change the presentation of debt issuance costs on the Corporation's financial statements. Debt issuance costs incurred in connection with the issuance of long-term debt are capitalized and amortized over the term of the debt using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Under the new method, debt issuance costs are presented as a reduction of long-term debt instead of being presented as an asset on the Corporation's balance sheet. Additionally, amortization of the debt issuance costs is reported as interest expense in the Statement of Operation on the Corporation's financial statements.
- c) Fixed assets are reflected at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation on the building, improvements, and equipment are being charged to operations on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives:

Building 50 Years
Building improvements 5 – 29 Years
Equipment 4 – 7 Years

d) Repairs, maintenance, and recurring replacements are charged to operations as incurred. Replacements which improve or extend the useful lives of properties are capitalized.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

e) Tenant-stockholder maintenance is based on an annual budget adopted by the Board of Directors. Maintenance increases require the approval of the New York City Department of Housing and Preservation (HPD). Tenant - shareholders are subject to monthly maintenance and operating assessments based on their respective share ownership in order to provide funds for the Corporation's operating expenses. Such amounts are recognized as the related performance obligations are satisfied at transaction amounts expected to be collected. The Corporation's performance obligations related to its maintenance and operating assessments are satisfied over time on a daily pro-rata basis. Capital assessments, if any, provide funds for the Corporation's capital improvements and to replenish the reserve fund. The performance obligations related to capital assessments are satisfied when the funds are expended for their designated purpose.

Maintenance and assessments receivable at the balance sheet date are stated at the amounts expected to be collected from the shareholders. The Corporation's policy is to retain legal counsel and place liens on the shares of stock of tenant-shareholders whose assessments are unreasonably delinquent. Any excess assessments at year end are retained by the Corporation for use in future years.

- g) The Corporation has established an allowance for uncollectible prior tenants' assessments after application of the shareholders' available equity. At June 30, 2023, the accumulated allowance for uncollectible members' assessments is \$280,109, as determined by management.
- h) For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Corporation considers all highly liquid investments readily convertible into cash with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.
- i) The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles on the accrual basis. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Corporation has evaluated material events and transactions that occurred through September 7, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

### 3. Cash And Cash Equivalents

		2023	<u> 2022</u>
JP Morgan Chase-operating account JP Morgan Chase-reserve account JP Morgan Chase-waiting list-2004 JP Morgan Chase-Equity account Apple Bank-security deposit Petty cash fund	\$ \$_ \$_	10,321 28,612 11,401 513,057 131,359 500 695,250	\$  83,012 21,067 132,132 571,854 110,759 500 919,324

0000

2022

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

### 4. Prepaid Expenses

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Prepaid Co-gen gas	\$	71,826	\$ 1.5
Prepaid insurance	\$	183,400	\$ 137,400
Prepaid real estate tax	1872	99,420	84,399
Tropale roal dotate tast	\$	354,646	\$ 221,799

### 5. Property and Equipment

	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value 2023	Book Value 2022
Land Building Building improvements Building equipment	\$ 64,265 9,732,300 26,170,841 <u>253,861</u> \$ <u>36,221,267</u>	\$ - (9,732,300) (10,268,504) (204,916) \$ <u>(20,205,720</u> )	\$ 64,265 - 15,902,337 <u>48,945</u> \$ <u>16,015,547</u>	\$ 64,265 - 15,916,094 

### 6. Accounts Payable And Accrued Expenses

		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued interest payable Contracts payable Apartment resale & applicants' deposit Prepaid maintenance charges Security deposit payable	\$ - \$_	1,006,117 21,574 206,563 659,406 85,845 181,309 2,160,814	\$ - \$_	812,731 21,955 196,104 558,862 75,939 160,709 1,826,300
	:=		_	

### 7. Maintenance Increases

Pursuant to the NYC Department of Housing Preservation and Development's review of an application for an increase in maintenance charges, the Corporation received approval to implement the following increases:

- 1. An increase in carrying charge, including utilities, of 7% per room per month, effective November 1, 2021;
- 2. An increase in carrying charge, including utilities, of 9% per room per month, effective November 1, 2022;
- 3. An increase in carrying charge, including utilities, of 3% per room per month, effective November 1, 2023;

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

### 8. Long-Term Liabilities

8. the Corporation refinanced the first \$ 5,040,174 \$ 5,113,304

2023

2022

September 14, 2018, the Corporation refinanced the first mortgage held by the City of New York Housing Development Corporation. The corporation is subject to the regulatory requirements of the City of New York Housing Preservation and Development (HPD) and the City of New York Housing Development Corporation (HDC).

The new first mortgage is in the principal amount of \$5,360,000. Interest is at the rate of 4.75% per annum. Monthly payments of \$26,202 are applied first to interest and the balance to principal. The mortgage matures on September 30, 2053 (the "Maturity Date"). A portion of the loan in the amount not to exceed \$2,026,358, shall be used to pay for eligible rehabilitation work. Principal payments on the mortgage note required to be made for each of the next five (5) years and thereafter are as follows (\*see below).

In connection with the mortgage refinancing, \$125,158 of refinancing costs are being capitalized and classified as net debt issuance cost in the financial statements. These costs are being amortized over 35 years, the term of the mortgage.

Second Mortgage 7,882,246 7,882,246

The second mortgage is in the principal amount of \$7,882,246. No payments are required until its maturity on December 31, 2053. There is not interest accrued and due on this mortgage. The mortgage is collateralized by the land and building owned by the Corporation.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

### Loan payable

a) In March 2015, the Corporation borrowed \$369,568 from the City of New York - Housing Development Corporation. The loan shall bear no interest, and no payments of principal and interest during the period ending March 10, 2020 (the "Maturity Date"). On March 10, 2020, (the "maturity date"), the Corporation's obligation to repay the loan was deemed satisfied.

b) In December 2016, the New York City Housing Development Corporation made a loan to Village East Towers, Inc. pursuant to the Disaster Relief Appropriations Act 2013 and the CDBG-DR program. The principal sum advanced, up to the amount of \$9,950,000 which is the sum being provided under the CDBG-DR program, shall bear no interest and no payments of principal or interest shall be payable during the period ending June 30, 2018 (the "conversion date") except upon default as specified in the loan documents. On the conversion date, the CDBG-DR construction loan automatically became a permanent loan. During the ten-year term, the loan shall bear no interest, and no payments of principal or interest shall be payable during the period ending except upon default as specified in the loan documents. The permanent loan amount shall be reduced by one-tenth (1/10) of such amount on each anniversary of the conversion date. On June 30, 2028 (the "maturity date") the Corporation's obligation to repay the permanent loan shall be deemed satisfied provided that no default exists as specified in the loan document. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the loan amounted to \$5,184,496. The loan includes \$80,038 for the payment of loan closing costs. These costs are being amortized over the life of the loan.

### Article 8A Loan and Grant.

The City of New York made a loan to Village East Towers, Inc. In the amount of \$4,036,246, of which \$1,535,219 was in the form of a New York City Article 8A loan, and \$2,501,027 was in the form of a Federal Home Loan which was forgivable and had no debt service. This was in the form of a third mortgage. The purpose of these funds was to finance the windows, doors and garage improvements.

The repayable portion of \$1,535,219 bears interest at the rate of 2% per annum until July 1, 2009, and principal and interest is due for the next twenty-nine (29) years. The monthly payment is \$6,117.87. The payments commenced on July 1, 2010. The loan matures June 1, 2038.

5,184,496 6,137,741

973,953 1,027,309

19,080,869 20,160,600

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

Less: Net debt issuance costs	<u>(188,928)</u> 18,891,941	<u>(201,899)</u> 19,958,701
Less: Amortization due within one year	(134,100)	(128,600)
	\$ <u>18,757,841</u>	\$ <u>19,830,101</u>

Principal payments on the mortgage note are required to be made for each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	2024	\$ 76,600
,	2025	80,000
	2026	83,500
	2027	90,400
	2028	97,600
	Thereafter	<u>4,612,074</u>
		\$ 5,040,174

As of June 2014, the home loan portion was considered repaid in full. Amortization payments are required as follows:

Year ending June 30,	2024	\$ 57,500
,	2025	59,500
	2026	61,500
	2027	63,500
	2028	65,500
	Thereafter	666,453
		\$ <u>973,953</u>

### 9. Article 8A Mortgage

On March 24, 2021 City of New York made a City Capital Loan to Village East Towers, Inc. in the amount of \$1,660,000 ("City Capital HPD Loan A") which shall be fully repayable at the expiration of the term to the extent of any outstanding principal balance and unpaid interest and other charges and bears interest at the rate of 1% per annum requiring monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$5,359 and another loan in the amount of \$290,000 ("City Capital HPD Loan B") which will be forgiven at the end of the loan term provided there is no defaults and the project has met all applicable requirements.

The purpose of these loans is to finance capital repairs for the elevator modernization. Village East Towers, Inc. shall complete the work no later than 12 months from the closing date unless extended by HPD in its sole and absolute discretion.

The mortgage matures on March 24, 2052 ('the maturity date"). As of June 30, 2023 no amount has been drawn down. In connection with the loan \$41,777 of the financing cost was capitalized and classified as net debt issuance cost in the financial statements. These costs are being amortized over the 30 years life of the loan.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

### 10. Stockholders' Capital

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
127,656 common shares authorized and 127,656 shares issued at \$33.75 par value	\$ 4,308,390	\$ 4,308,390
Paid in capital re: excess of par value Stockholders' Capital	2,545,193 \$ 6,853,583	2,329,677 \$ 6,638,067
Change in paid in capital:		
Opening balance	\$ 2,329,677	\$ 2,064,335
Proceed from first sale Ending balance paid in capital	215,516 \$ 2,545,193	265,342 \$2,329,677

### 11. Future Major Repairs and Replacements

The Corporation's governing documents do not require the accumulation of funds to finance estimated future major repairs and replacements. The Corporation has conducted an Integrated Physical Needs Assessment Report, (IPNA), per the guidelines of the New York City Housing Development Corp (HDC),(HPD) and (HCR). In addition the Corporation is in the process of applying for a Capital Grant from New York City. When funds are required for major repairs and replacements, the Corporation plans to utilize available reserve funds, borrow, increase maintenance assessments, or delay repairs and replacements until funds are available. The effect on future assessments has not been determined.

### 12. Reserve Fund

a. Replacement Reserve Fund Opening balance Add:			\$	1,599,971
Net interest income	\$	47,280		
\$4,333 per month  Held by NYC HDC	_	52,000	=	99,280 1,699,251
Less:				
Net transfer for building improvements	_	(445,081)	_	(445,081)
Ending Balance			\$_	1,254,170

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

b. First Sale Fund Opening balance Add:			\$	208,144
Net interest income	\$	615		
Transfer to First sale capital account		184,826		
\$8,750 per month to reimburse for legal fees paid		52,500	2	237,941
				446,085
Less:				
Transfer to operating		(139,639)		
Net transfer for building improvements	-	(302,569)	3.	(442,208)
Ending Balance			\$	3,877

### 13. Capital Projects

Building improvements for the year ended June 30, 2023, amounted to \$877,089 and consisted of the following:

Façade restoration		\$ 502,891
Roof		21,305
Heat Exchanger		34,549
Doors		140,313
Elevator Modernizaton		71,230
House Tank/standpipe		53,400
Sidewalk		29,350
Extraordinary plumbing		 24,050
, . · · ·	25	\$ 877,089

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

### 14. Corporation Taxes

Federal income tax is computed pursuant to Subchapter T of the Internal Revenue Code. Under Subchapter T, income from nonpatronage sources, such as interest and commercial rents, in excess of expenses properly attributable thereto may be subject to tax. The Corporation believes that all of its income is effectively patronage-sourced and/or expenses allocable to potential non-patronage sourced income would equal or exceed such income. Accordingly, no provision for taxes, if any, that could result from the application of Subchapter T to the Corporation's income has been reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The Corporation is exempt from New York State Franchise and New York City corporation taxes.

At June 30, 2023, the Corporation has approximately \$4,479,000, of net operating loss carryforwards for Federal income tax purposes which if not used against future net taxable income, will expire between the years 2023, and 2043 and the Corporation has approximately \$384,600 of net operating loss which may be carried forward indefinitely until the loss is fully recovered. Such loss carryforwards are fully deductible against 2023 taxable income and are thereafter limited to 80% of the taxable income in any one tax period.

It is assumed by Management that the Corporation's benefit from any deferred tax benefits from prior net losses will be immaterial to the financial statements. Consequently, no deferred tax assets have been recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

### 15. Multiemployer Union Pension Plan

The Corporation contributes to a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement that covers its union-represented employees. The risks of participating in a multiemployer plan differ from those of a single-employer plan in the following respects: (1) assets contributed to the multiemployer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers; (2) if a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers; and (3) if the Corporation chooses to stop participating in the multiemployer plan, it may be required to pay the plan an amount based on the unfunded status of the plan, which is referred to as the withdrawal liability.

For the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, the Corporation's participation in the multiemployer plan is outlined below:

Legal Name: Building Service 32 BJ Pension Fund ("Plan")

Plan Number: 001

Collective Bargaining Agreement Expiration Date: April 20, 2026

Pension Protection Act Zone Status: Year ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 - Yellow

(less than 80% funded)

Funding Improvement Plan/Rehabilitation Plan Status: Implemented

Surcharges paid to Plan: None Corporation's contributions:

Year ended June 30, 2023, \$ 94,198 Year ended June 30, 2022, \$ 85,142

Maximum Required Pension Contributions (per week, per employee):

Year ended June 30, 2023, Year ended June 30, 2022,

The information provided above is from the Plan's most current annual report for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Pension Protection Act Zone Status is the most recent zone status available, was provided to the Corporation by the Plan and is certified by the Plan's actuary. The Corporation's contributions to the Plan are less than 5% of all employer's contributions to the Plan, and there have been no significant changes that would affect the comparability of the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022. Also, under the Collective Bargaining Agreement ("Agreement"), certain retired employees are eligible for health benefits as defined in the Agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

### 16. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Corporation to the concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalent accounts in financial institutions which, at times, may exceed the Federal depositing insurance coverage limit of \$250,000. At June 30, 2023, cash and cash equivalents exceeded federally insured limits by approximately \$317,300.

### 17. Capital assessments

A capital assessment also known as equity increase was passed in 2010. The funds from the assessment are to be used to provide for the debt service on the 8A Loan and the Amalgamated loan. The assessment is to be \$.21 per share per month from February 1, 2011, thru March 31, 2012, \$.37 per share per month from April 1, 2012, thru November 30, 2014, and \$.05 per share from December 1, 2014, thru May 31, 2038. The capital assessment which has been paid is refundable to the shareholders upon the sale of their apartment. Total amount of the assessment for the year June 30, 2023 was \$74,171.

### 19. Paycheck protection program (PPP)

In May 2020, the Corporation applied for and received a Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loan established under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, in the principal amount of \$221,100 during year 2020. In June 2021 an application for forgiveness of the loan was made by the Corporation in accordance with all Paycheck Protection Program requirements. On July 30, 2021 the principal amount of the loan was forgiven and paid to the lender.

The forgiveness of the principal balance of the loan in the amount of \$221,100 is reflected in the financial statements as gain upon extinguishments of debt.

### 20. Commercial Rent-Contingency

The financial statements reflect a reduction in commercial rental income for the years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 due to the write off of the arrears balance in the amount of \$105,760 and \$147,860 respectively. The Corporation entered into agreements with commercial tenants impacted by the business closures due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

VILLAGE EAST TOWERS, INC. SUPPLEMENTARY AND PROSPECTIVE INFORMATION REPORT								

# WORKING CAPITAL FLOW STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget unaudited) 6/30/2023		Actual 6/30/2023	Actual 6/30/2022		,	
Income								
Maintenance charges (Note 7) Vacancy loss Special assessments capital (Note	\$	3,993,100 (55,000) 74,400	\$	3,993,111 (87,096) 74,171	\$	3,684,936 (90,185) 90,080	\$	4,188,200 (72,000) 74,400
17) Utility income		670,000		743,917		679,515		770,800
Energy Assessment		= E11 700		66,650 381,642		495,759		199,500 463,000
Commercial rent		511,700 309,000		319,262		263,340		368,700
Parking income Interest income		309,000		58,319		15,826		=0
Air conditioners		97,200		132,581		98,180		120,000
Laundry		54,000		54,000		54,000		54,000
Surcharge income		242,200		256,857		232,041		258,100
Storage income	54,300	43,986		30,342		75,000		
Miscellaneous income	-	3,000	:=	71,545	_	27,423	, r	37,000
Total Income	( <del>-</del>	5,953,900	-	6,108,945	_	5,581,257	0)	6,536,700
Total Expenditures		6,090,000	-	6,190,912	9	5,901,799	-	6,527,400
SURPLUS OR (DEFICIT)	\$_	(136,100)	\$_	(81,967)	\$_	(320,542)	\$_	9,300

# WORKING CAPITAL FLOW STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

	(u	Budget naudited) /30/2023	6	Actual /30/2023	Actual 6/30/2022			Budget inaudited) i/30/2024
Expenditures								
Administrative Management fee Legal Accounting Office and administrative	\$	254,600 85,000 30,000 90,150	\$	270,049 71,246 26,796 92,523	\$	259,664 85,071 26,796 151,781	\$	270,000 85,000 30,000 146,600
Operating Steam Electricity Co-gen gas Cooking gas Payroll Pension and welfare Water meter charges Security services		657,700 514,300 61,600 40,000 799,100 359,600 497,100 471,800		644,855 629,423 123,370 22,877 891,098 392,928 451,542 466,472		638,577 499,326 60,801 37,883 783,474 310,607 478,137 465,703		450,000 638,000 252,500 30,000 901,300 409,900 462,500 475,000
<b>Maintenance</b> Repairs and maintenance		757,450		614,468		786,493		722,600
Taxes and Insurance New York City real estate tax Payroll taxes Insurance		407,900 63,300 455,500		308,791 72,237 572,376		312,225 63,671 442,205		387,000 74,100 715,500
Financial expense Interest and Amortization Interest and amortization on second mortgage Allocation for reserve funds	,	314,500 73,400 157,000	_	314,143 73,323 152,395	3	314,172 73,329 111,884	P <del></del>	314,500 73,400 89,500
Total Expenditures	\$_	6,090,000	\$_	6,190,912	\$_	5,901,799	\$_	6,527,400

# REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY & PROSPECTIVE INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023 AND JUNE 30, 2022

This budget forecast presents, to the best of management's knowledge and belief, the Corporation's expected results of operations for the forecast period. Accordingly, this forecast reflects management's judgment, as of the date of this budget forecast, of the expected conditions and its expected course of action. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that management believes are significant to the budget forecast. There will usually be differences between forecasted and actual results because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material. The comparative historical information for 2023 and 2022 is extracted from the Corporation's financial statements for those years. Those financial statements should be read for additional information.

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The budget forecast has been prepared using generally accepted accounting principles that the Corporation expects to use when preparing its historical financial statements.

### FORECAST ASSUMPTIONS (UNAUDITED)

The budget for the year ending June 30, 2024, includes the following assumptions:

- a) Carrying charges and utility charges are based upon New York City HPD's most recent rent increase order (Note 7).
- b) Utilities reflect consumption based on historical usage and increase in market rates.
- c) The Corporation's labor union contract with Local 32B-32J covers all employees. Labor costs and union benefits are projected based upon the applicable contract rates.
- d) Repairs and maintenance are based upon historical experience and projected maintenance requirements.
- e) Real estate taxes are based upon shelter rent.
- f) Mortgage and loan payments are based on the applicable terms of the loan documents (Note 8).